

Exercise 2.1

Obtrusive, Unobtrusive, and Student-Generated Assessments

After reading each of the following classroom assessment scenarios, determine whether it is best classified as an example of obtrusive, unobtrusive, or student-generated assessment.

1. Mona is very close to receiving an A on the content that has been covered in her art class this quarter. She approaches the teacher and proposes that she provide a sketch to show she has mastered the techniques presented during the quarter.
2. After teaching the concept of a thesis statement, discussing examples of successful thesis statements, and providing the students with opportunities for practice, Mr. Grace gives his students a topic and asks them to write a corresponding thesis statement. He scores the effectiveness of the thesis statements using a rubric and records the scores for each student.
3. After teaching a unit on editing and revising, Ms. Minturn asks her students to pull out a hard copy of an essay they composed earlier in the year. She breaks the class into pairs and asks them to read and suggest edits and revisions on their partners' essays. She collects the revisions and grades each student according to a rubric on the effectiveness of his or her editing.
4. Mr. Davis is teaching a unit on shading. He takes his class to an outside garden, and while the students are creating compositions focusing on the shadows and colors they see, he walks around and observes their progress. Without interrupting, he records an assessment score for each student in his gradebook.
5. Ms. Lewis has been working with her students on a cooperative learning goal. While she is monitoring recess, she notices four of them working together to complete a double-dutch jump rope game. Because all four students have to cooperate to reach their goal, Ms. Lewis decides these students have fulfilled the requirement for score 3.0 on the rubric she has designed for cooperative skills.